Asbestos & Hazardous Materials Survey

AMP Capital



558 Little Bourke Street, Melbourne VIC

October 2019



Asbestos & Hazardous Materials Survey

Report For:	AMP Capital
Address:	558 Little Bourke Street, Melbourne VIC
Prepared By:	Matthew Hyde, Senior Consultant (RiskTech Compliance)
Date of Inspection:	16 October 2019
Conferred With:	Darren Hynes, Senior Facilities Manager

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Document Revision Record

File Name	Prepared By	Reviewed By	Issue No.	Issue Date
AMP HAZMAT 558 Little Bourke Street Melbourne VIC Oct19	Matthew Hyde Senior Consultant	Bernard Day General Manager	1	30/10/19

Contents

١.	Executi	ve Summary	4
2.	Introdu	ction	5
	2.1	Site Description	5
	2.2	Scope	6
	2.3	Risk Assessment	7
	2.4	Priority Rating System for Control Recommendations	7
	2.5	Documentation/History	8
	2.6	Asbestos Remediation Works	8
	2.7	Limitations/Areas Not Accessed	9
3.	Finding	S	10
	3.1	Asbestos	10
	3.2	Synthetic Mineral Fibre (SMF)	11
	3.3	Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCBs)	12
	3.4	Lead Paint	12
4.	Recom	mendations	14
	4.1	Priority Recommendations	14
	4.2	Management Recommendations	14
	4.3	Demolition/Refurbishment Recommendations	14
App	endix 1	Asbestos & Hazardous Materials Register	15
App	endix 2	Asbestos Lab Results	22
agA	endix 3	Lead Paint Lab Results	23

Executive Summary

Scope

RiskTech Compliance were engaged by AMP Capital to undertake an Asbestos and Hazardous Materials Survey of the site located at 558 Little Bourke Street, Melbourne VIC to assess the possible presence of Asbestos and Hazardous Materials used in the construction of the building.

This report documents RiskTech Compliance's survey findings as per this scope. This is a non-destructive assessment for occupational purposes, not for major refurbishment or demolition. Hazardous materials assessed include asbestos, synthetic mineral fibre (SMF), polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs) and lead-based paint.

Findings

The table below summarises the identified/suspected hazardous materials on site:

Hazardous Material	Details	Risk Rating
Asbestos	Mastic Sealant – Level 1, Restaurant Plant Room – Suspected mastic sealant attached to ductwork and exhaust fan	Low
SMF	Insulation materials throughout: ductwork insulation, internal insulation to hot water heaters & mini zip boilers	Low
PCBs	Nil	-
Lead Paint	All Levels, Fire Sprinkler Pipe Work – Red Colour	Low

Recommendations

Priority Recommendations

Nil

Management Recommendations

- Asbestos materials identified on site should be managed through the Asbestos Management Plan developed by RiskTech Compliance for this site in conjunction with this report.
- Schedule periodic reassessment of the asbestos-containing materials remaining on-site to monitor their aging/deterioration.
- Identified and suspected Asbestos Materials should be labelled to warn contractors that the materials should not be damaged.

Refurbishment/Demolition Recommendations

- Undertake an intrusive hazardous materials assessment prior to renovations.
- Engage an appropriately licenced Asbestos Removal Contractor to remove asbestos materials prior to renovations/demolition under controlled conditions.
- Engage an asbestos consultant to undertake clearance inspections and update the asbestos register following the removal of asbestos materials.
- It is imperative that demolition/refurbishment works cease pending further sampling if materials suspected of containing asbestos or unknown materials are encountered.
- Maintain identified SMF materials in good condition. Remove under controlled conditions prior to demolition/refurbishment.
- When demolition or refurbishment works are to involve the disturbance of confirmed lead-containing paint, dust suppression techniques should be utilised.

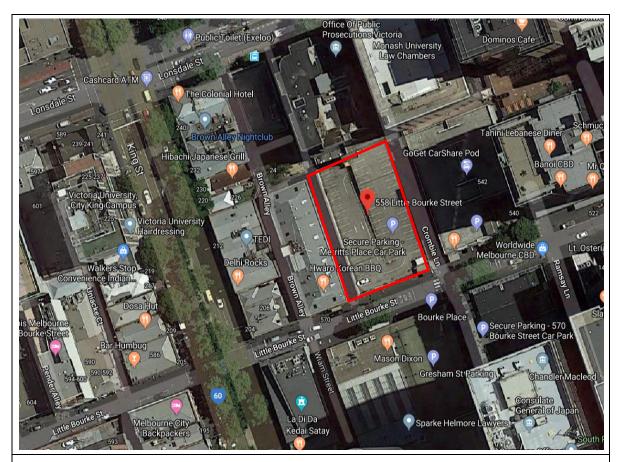
2. Introduction

RiskTech Compliance were engaged by AMP Capital to undertake an Asbestos and Hazardous Materials Survey of the site located at 558 Little Bourke Street, Melbourne VIC to assess the possible presence of Asbestos and Hazardous Materials used in the construction of the building.

This report includes an asbestos register for the site, prepared in accordance with VIC Occupational Health and Safety Regulations 2017 and Managing Asbestos in Workplaces – Victorian Compliance Code 2018.

2.1 Site Description

Site Address	558 Little Bourke Street, Melbourne VIC
Construction Date	1887
Site Type	Car Park
Levels	7 Levels
Description	The site consists of a 7 Level car park located on Little Bourke Street in Melbourne's CBD. The car park is located adjacent Bourke Place and access to the car park is via Crombie Lane. The rear wall is heritage listed, constructed in 1887.



Site Location:

558 Little Bourke Street, Melbourne VIC

Image courtesy Google Maps 2019

2.2 Scope

The survey process encompassed an inspection of the exterior and interior areas including plant rooms within the building. This report documents RiskTech Compliance's survey findings as per this scope.

- The VIC Occupational Health and Safety Act 2004;
- VIC Occupational Health and Safety Regulations 2017;
- VIC Compliance Code: Managing Asbestos in Workplaces, 2018.

The scope included an Asbestos and Hazardous Building Materials survey of the building, with express intent to identify the presence of the following:

- Asbestos Containing Materials (ACM);
- Synthetic Mineral Fibres (SMF);
- Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCBs); &
- Lead Paint.

The survey involved:

- Discussions with relevant personnel to ascertain the building age and history.
- Review of relevant documentation including previous audit reports and abatement records where present.
- A visual inspection of accessible and representative hazardous materials.
- Detailed sampling and identification of suspected asbestos materials. Small representative samples of suspected asbestos-containing material were collected in plastic bags with clip-lock seals.
 - 3 samples were collected and subsequently analysed in an external NATAaccredited laboratory (Safe Work & Environments) for the presence of asbestos by Polarised Light Microscopy.
 - o Refer to **Appendix 2** for laboratory results.
- Sampling of suspected lead paint materials. The objective of lead paint identification in this survey is to highlight the presence of lead-based paints within the buildings, not to specifically identify every source of lead-based paint.
 - 4 lead paint chip samples were collected in a clip-lock plastic bag and submitted to an external NATA accredited laboratory (Envirolab Services Pty Ltd) for analysis of lead content (represented as a percentage by weight) using ICP-AES methods.
 - o Refer to **Appendix 3** for laboratory results.
- During the inspection, details of the capacitors were noted and assessed against a list of known PCB-containing capacitors: Identification of PCB-Containing Capacitors Australian & New Zealand Environment and Conservation Council (ANZECC) 1997. Access to the vast majority of capacitors within in-situ light fittings was not available at the time of the audit, as a qualified electrician was not present to access the fittings. An assessment on the likelihood of light fittings containing PCB capacitors has been made in lieu of a visual inspection, based on the apparent age and style of the light fittings.
- Preparation of this report, including findings, recommendations, an Asbestos & Hazardous Materials Register, photographs & laboratory results.

A strategy of using representative samples of suspected hazardous materials has been used to minimise the number of samples and degree of disturbance. Because of this strategy, findings of the audit should be interpreted such that all visually similar materials in the same vicinity must be assumed to be composed of the same material until proven otherwise. Where these factors have indicated that there is a possibility of exposure to airborne asbestos fibres or other hazardous material, appropriate risk control measures are recommended.

2.3 Risk Assessment

To assess the health risk posed by the presence of ACM, all relevant factors must be considered. These factors include:

- Evidence of physical damage
- Proximity of air plenums and direct air stream
- Friability of the material
- Requirement for access for building/maintenance operations
- Likelihood of disturbance of the asbestos material
- Accessibility
- Exposed surface areas
- Environmental conditions

These aspects are in turn judged upon; (i) potential for fibre generation, and, (ii) the potential for exposure. Where these factors have indicated that there is a possibility of exposure to airborne fibres, appropriate recommendations for repair, maintenance or abatement of the ACM are made.

The risk factors described above are used to rank the risk posed by the presence of asbestos-containing materials.

- A low risk ranking describes asbestos materials that pose a low risk to personnel, employees and the general public providing they stay in a stable condition.
- A medium risk ranking applies to materials that pose an increased risk to people in the area.
- Asbestos materials that possess a high risk ranking pose a high risk to personnel or the public in the area of the material.

2.4 Priority Rating System for Control Recommendations

The following priority rating is adopted to assist in managing the ACM identified in the building.

A P1 (high priority) to P4 (low priority) rating system is employed:

- P1 Immediate remedial works are required
- P2 Remedial works are required within 3-6 months
- P3 Remedial works are generally not required, but where required, these works should be undertaken within a planned control program
- P4 No remedial works are required

2.5 Documentation/History

Access to the building and discussions were held with Darren Hynes, Facilities Manager for the site.

A previous Asbestos & Hazardous Materials Survey undertaken at the site by Greencap in June 2015 was supplied for review. A total of 5 samples were taken as part of this assessment which returned all negative results. This report suspected the following items:

- Suspected mastic sealant to exhaust fan and ductwork;
- Suspected asbestos brake pads to lift motors; &
- Suspected fire doors within fire stairwells.

Previous Asbestos Surveys		
Company	Document Details	Date
Greencap	Hazardous Materials Risk Assessment (reference: C107254:J132800)	June 2015

2.6 Asbestos Remediation Works

The table below summarises historical asbestos removal works, which have been undertaken at 558 Little Bourke Street, Melbourne VIC. It is noted that these materials were identified on site in the previous Asbestos/Hazardous Materials Reports, however were not present during the current inspection. It is noted that no removal documentation was provided for review.

Clearance Certification for Asbestos Removal Works									
Location Asbestos Material Removed Report / Certification Details									
Level 6, Lift Motor Room	Brake Pads	No clearance documentation provided – Removed 2014							
Ground Level, Restaurant	Millboard within fuse holders (electrical cupboard)	No clearance documentation provided							

2.7 Limitations/Areas Not Accessed

This is an occupational assessment and not intended for the purposes of refurbishment works that may be undertaken in the future. The building was fully tenanted at the time of inspection.

In accordance with the VIC Occupational Health and Safety Regulations 2017, inaccessible areas that are likely to contain asbestos must be presumed as containing asbestos material until further inspection and analysis of samples has been undertaken by an approved analyst.

Typical areas likely to be deemed inaccessible under this regulation are:

- Height restricted areas e.g. Inaccessible ceiling/roof spaces and facade;
- Inaccessible sub-floor spaces/tunnels;
- Under carpet/vinyl or other floor coverings;
- Above set ceilings;
- Service shafts, risers, ducts etc. concealed within building structure;
- Lift shaft, landing doors and lift cabin fittings and doors;
- Areas accessible only by dismantling equipment or performing localised demolition works;
- Concealed and inaccessible areas such voids and cavities within building structure, which are only accessible during major demolition works;
- Concealed behind other materials and linings;
- Building façade fixing brackets;
- Wall cavities/partitions;
- Behind ceramic wall and floor tiles;
- Inside mechanical equipment e.g. within air conditioning re-heat boxes;
- Gaskets & sealants to pipework, ductwork, mechanical equipment, window glazing & construction joints;
- Waterproof membranes;
- Sealed fire doors; &
- Within live electrical switchboards.

It should be noted that the presence of residual asbestos material on plant items (eg; boilers) or behind wall, ceiling and floor linings cannot be ascertained without extensive removal and impact to the linings, fittings and services.

Other specific areas not accessed during the survey include:

- External upper façade (height restricted); &
- Toilets, storage rooms & car parking attendant room Ground Level (locked).

3. Findings

3.1 Asbestos

The following ACMs were identified on site.

Asbestos Material	Location	Posed Risk	Extent
Nil	-	-	-

The following ACMs were presumed to be present on site (identified in previous Asbestos/Hazardous Materials Report), but could not be verified due to accessibility issues:

Asbestos Material	Location	Posed Risk	Extent
Mastic Sealant	Level 1, Restaurant Plant Room – Suspected mastic sealant attached to ductwork and exhaust fan	Low	~10 Joints

3.1.1 Discussion

The asbestos containing materials (ACMs) suspected on site were generally found to be in a good/stable condition and do not represent an increased risk in their current condition.

3.1.2 Photographs – Asbestos Containing Material



Photo 1: Level 1, Restaurant Plant Room – Suspected mastic sealant attached to ductwork and exhaust fan

3.2 Synthetic Mineral Fibre (SMF)

3.2.1 Background Information

Synthetic Mineral Fibre (SMF) is a man-made insulation material used extensively in commercial, residential and industrial sites as fire rating, reinforcement in construction materials and as acoustic and thermal insulators. Types of SMF materials include fibreglass, rockwool, ceramic fibres and continuous glass filaments.

There are two basic forms of SMF insulation, bonded and un-bonded. Bonded SMF is where adhesives, binders or cements have been applied to the SMF before delivery and the SMF product has a specific shape. Un-bonded SMF has no adhesives, binders or cements and the SMF is predominately loose material packed into an area for insulation.

3.2.2 Summary of Findings

The following SMF materials were identified on site:

SMF Item	Location/Comments					
Internal insulation to hot water heaters	Ground Level, Restaurant, Kitchen					
Insulation material to air conditioning duct work	Level 1, Restaurant Plant Room					

The SMF materials identified on site were generally in a good condition and installed to industry standards. These materials do not represent an increased health risk in their current condition.

3.2.3 Photographs - SMF



Photo 2: Level 1, Restaurant Plant Room, Ductwork – SMF insulation

3.3 Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCBs)

3.3.1 Background Information

The major use of PCBs in the electrical industry has been as an insulating fluid inside transformers and capacitors. Capacitors containing PCBs were installed in various types of equipment including fluorescent light fittings during the 1950's, 60's and 70's.

3.3.2 Summary of Findings

No PCB containing capacitors associated with light fittings and electrical equipment were identified on site during the current Hazardous Materials Survey.

However, original old appearance light fittings may be present in inaccessible areas or back of house areas such as ceiling space voids and storage rooms which have not been refurbished. As these areas were constructed in the 1970's, the original light fittings, if present may contain PCB capacitors.

3.4 Lead Paint

3.4.1 Background Information

In December 2017, Standards Australia has adopted a significantly lower lead content limit from 1% to 0.1% for the definition of lead paint.

Lead paint, as defined by the Australian/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 4361.2: 2017 Guide to hazardous paint management; Part 2: Lead paint in residential, public and commercial buildings is "a paint film that contains greater than 0.1% lead by mass in the dry film."

Paint with lead pigment was manufactured up until the late 1960's, and in 1969 the National Health and Medical Research Council's Uniform Paint Standard was amended to restrict lead content in domestic paint. Paint manufactured for non-industrial use since 1970's contain less than 1% lead. However, it is possible that industrial paints containing a higher lead concentration may have been applied to residential, public and commercial buildings.

Since 1997, paints have been manufactured with less than 0.1% lead by mass and this limit has been adopted by Standards Australia for the definition of lead-containing paint.

3.4.2 Summary of Findings

As sections of the building was constructed in the 1887 & 1970's, older paint layers across the site may contain lead paint. A total of 4 lead paint samples were collected as part of this inspection of which 1 returned a positive result for lead paint.

The following lead paint systems were identified:

Lead Paint	Location/Comments	Extent
Red colour paint	All Levels, Fire Sprinkler Pipework	~1000m

The lead paint systems identified on site were observed to be in a good to fair condition at the time of inspection. It is recommended to remove flaking paint under controlled conditions and overpaint within non-lead containing paint.

3.4.3 Photographs – Lead Paint



Photo 3: All Levels, Fire Sprinkler Pipework – Positive lead paint sample (red colour paint)

4. Recommendations

4.1 Priority Recommendations

■ Nil

4.2 Management Recommendations

- Asbestos materials identified on site should be managed through the Asbestos Management Plan developed by RiskTech Compliance for this site in conjunction with this report (Ref. AMP 558 Little Bourke St ASBMANPLAN Oct19).
- Label asbestos-containing materials (ACM) to warn of the dangers of disturbing these materials as per the VIC Occupational Health and Safety Regulations 2017 and Managing Asbestos in Workplaces Victorian Compliance Code 2018.
- Schedule periodic reassessment (minimum every 5 years) of the ACM remaining onsite to monitor their aging/deterioration - as per Managing Asbestos in Workplaces – Victorian Compliance Code 2018.
- Maintain identified SMF materials in good condition. Remove under controlled conditions prior to demolition/refurbishments.

4.3 Demolition/Refurbishment Recommendations

- Undertake an intrusive hazardous materials assessment prior to renovations. This helps identify asbestos/other hazardous materials which may be present in previously inaccessible areas (e.g. beneath carpet, above set ceilings, in wall cavities etc.).
- Engage an appropriately licenced (Class A/B) Asbestos Removal Contractor to remove asbestos materials prior to renovations/demolition under controlled conditions in accordance with VIC Occupational Health and Safety Regulations, 2017 and How to Safely Remove Asbestos in the Workplace, 2018 – Victorian Compliance Code 2018.
- Engage an asbestos consultant to undertake clearance inspections and update the asbestos register following the removal of asbestos materials as per the VIC Occupational Health and Safety Regulations, 2017 and How to Safely Remove Asbestos in the Workplace, 2018 – Victorian Compliance Code 2018.
- It is imperative that demolition/refurbishment works cease pending further sampling if materials suspected of containing asbestos or unknown materials are encountered.
- Remove identified SMF materials under controlled conditions prior to demolition
- When demolition or refurbishment works are to involve the disturbance of confirmed lead-containing paint, dust suppression techniques should be utilised. Any works, which may disturb potential lead-based paint systems, should be conducted in accordance with the requirements of Australian Standard AS 4361.2 2017 Guide to lead paint management, Part 2: Residential and commercial buildings.

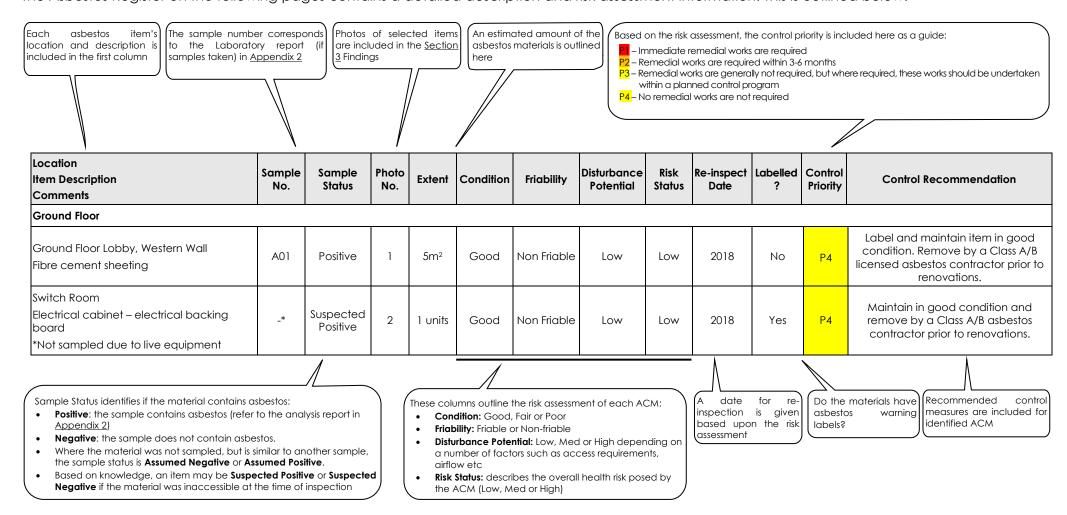
Appendix 1

Asbestos & Hazardous Materials Register



Example Asbestos Register

The Asbestos Register on the following pages contains a detailed description and risk assessment information. This is outlined below:



Asbestos Register

ite Address: 558 Little Bourke Street, Melbourne VIC								Matthew Hyde Senior Consultant (RiskTech Compliance) 16/10/2019				
Location Item Description Comments	Sample No.	Sample Status	Photo No.	Extent	Condition	Friability	Disturb. Potential	Risk Status	Re- inspect Date	Labelled	Control Priority	Control Recommendation
Exterior												
Entrances to the building, driveway entrances, surrounding the building No asbestos materials identified	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Façade No asbestos materials identified	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Roof Level, Throughout No asbestos materials identified	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interior – Level 6 Plant Room												
Lift Motor Room Lift Motor – Brake pads *not sampled – live equipment	_*	Suspected Positive	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Item removed in 2014. No asbestos removal documentation provided
Interior — Levels 1-5	•	•	•	•		•						
North & South Fire Stairs, Entrance Fire Doors (tag – Cemac Associated Limited) - Core insulation *sample taken from Level 3	RTC2019- 01	Negative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Level 1, Restaurant, Plant Room Exhaust Fan & Ductwork, Expansion Joints - Mastic sealant material *no access to joints (covered by insulation)	_*	Suspected Positive	1	~10 Joints	Good	Non Friable	Low	Low	June 2021	No	P4	Confirm status of material. If positive, label & maintain item in good condition. Remove by a Class A/B licensed asbestos contractor prior to refurbishment / demolition.
Level 1, Restaurant, Plant Room Floor Covering – Yellow sheet vinyl	Greencap J132800- AMP-003- 001	Negative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Location Item Description Comments	Sample No.	Sample Status	Photo No.	Extent	Condition	Friability	Disturb. Potential	Risk Status	Re- inspect Date	Labelled	Control Priority	Control Recommendation
Level 1, Restaurant, Plant Room Infill Panel at Base of Exhaust Fan – Fibre cement sheeting	RTC2019- 02	Negative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Level 1, Restaurant, Plant Room Wall – Fibre cement sheeting	Greencap J132800- AMP-003- 002	Negative	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
Level 1, Restaurant, Toilets Floor Covering – Beige/brown sheet vinyl	Greencap J132800- AMP-003- 003	Negative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Level 1, Restaurant, Toilets Wall – Fibre cement sheeting	Same as Greencap J132800- AMP-003- 002	Assumed Negative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interior – Ground Level										•		
Car Park Entrance, Office Adjacent Lift Lobby Wall Cladding – Fibre cement sheeting	RTC2019- 03	Negative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
North & South Fire Stairs, Entrance Fire Doors (tag – Cemac Associated Limited) - Core insulation	Same as RTC2019- 01	Assumed Negative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Restaurant, Central, Electrical Cupboard Fuse Holders – Insulation material *not sampled – live equipment	_*	Suspected Positive	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Item removed. No asbestos removal documentation provided
Restaurant, Kitchen Floor Covering – Yellow sheet vinyl	Same as Greencap J132800- AMP-003- 001	Assumed Negative	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Restaurant, Kitchen Wall Covering – Yellow sheet vinyl	Same as Greencap J132800- AMP-003- 001	Assumed Negative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Asbestos & Hazardous Materials Survey 558 Little Bourke Street, Melbourne VIC

Location Item Description Comments	Sample No.	Sample Status	Photo No.	Extent	Condition	Friability	Disturb. Potential	Risk Status	Re- inspect Date	Labelled	Control Priority	Control Recommendation
Interior – Basement Level												
North Fire Stairs, Entrance Fire Doors (tag – Cemac Associated Limited) - Core insulation	Same as RTC2019- 01	Assumed Negative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Old Substation Fire Doors (tagged – 2018) - Core insulation *not sampled – age of manufacture	_*	Suspected Negative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Old Substation, Wall Perimeter Expansion Joint – Bituminous material	Greencap J132800- AMP-003- 005	Negative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Car Park Ductwork Flange Joints – Mastic sealant	Greencap J132800- AMP-003- 004	Negative	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Car parking areas, fire stairwells, lift motor room, escalator lobby areas & walkways No asbestos materials identified	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Synthetic Mineral Fibres (SMF)

Location Item Description	Photo No.	Form	Extent	Condition	Risk Status	Control Recommendations
Exterior						
No SMF materials were identified during the current Hazardous Materials Survey	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interior – Level 5						
No SMF materials were identified during the current Hazardous Materials Survey	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interior – Level 4						
No SMF materials were identified during the current Hazardous Materials Survey	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interior – Level 3						
No SMF materials were identified during the current Hazardous Materials Survey	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interior – Level 2						
No SMF materials were identified during the current Hazardous Materials Survey	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interior – Level 1						
Restaurant, Plant Room Ductwork (Rigid) - Insulation material	2	Bonded	~5m²	Good	Low	Maintain in good condition. Remove under controlled conditions prior to demolition/refurbishments
Interior – Ground Level						
Restaurant, Kitchen Mini Zip Boiler - Suspected internal insulation	-	Bonded	1 Unit	Good	Low	Maintain in good condition. Remove under controlled conditions prior to demolition/refurbishments
Interior – Basement Level						
No SMF materials were identified during the current Hazardous Materials Survey	-	-	-	-	-	-

Polychlorinated Biphenyls

Location Item Description	Photo No.	Capacitor Specifications	No. Fittings	PCB Containing (Yes/No)	Control Recommendations
Exterior					
No PCB containing capacitors were identified during the current survey	-	-	-	No	-
Interior – Level 5					
Throughout car park areas & fire stairwells Fluorescent light fittings (new appearance)	-	-	-	No	-
Interior – Level 4					
Throughout car park areas & fire stairwells Fluorescent light fittings (new appearance)	-	-	-	No	-
Interior – Level 3					
Throughout car park areas & fire stairwells Fluorescent light fittings (new appearance)	-	-	-	No	-
Interior – Level 2					
Throughout car park areas & fire stairwells Fluorescent light fittings (new appearance)	-	-	-	No	-
Interior – Level 1					
Throughout car park areas, restaurant & fire stairwells Fluorescent light fittings (new appearance)	-	-	-	No	-
Interior – Ground Level					
Throughout car park areas, restaurant & fire stairwells Fluorescent light fittings (new appearance)	-	-	-	No	-
Interior – Basement Level					
Throughout car park areas & fire stairwells Fluorescent light fittings (new appearance)	-	-	-	No	-

Lead Paint

Location Item Description	Photo No.	Sample No.	Sample Results	Extent	Condition	Control Recommendations	
Exterior							
Surrounding Building Metal Railing – Red/maroon colour	-	RTC2019 - LP02	Negative	1	-	-	
Interior – All Levels							
Throughout Fire Sprinkler Pipework – Red colour	3	RTC2019 - LP03	Positive (0.22%)	~1,000m	Good-Fair	Remove flaking paint. Overpaint within non-lead containing paint. Removal of paint must be undertaken under controlled conditions.	
Throughout Ceiling – White colour	-	RTC2019 - LP04	Negative	1	-	-	
Interior – Basement Level							
Old Substation Walls – Cream colour	-	RTC2019 - LP01	Negative	-	-	-	

Note: Australian Standard "AS4361.2: 2017 Guide to Hazardous Paint Management; Part 2: Lead Paint in Residential Public and Commercial Buildings", is that which contains in excess of 0.1% lead by weight.

Appendix 2 Asbestos Lab Results



Page 1 of 1

21 October 2019

Attention: Matthew Hyde

Company: RiskTech Compliance Email: mhyde@risktech.com.au

Address: Level 5, 3 Rider Boulevard, Rhodes NSW 2138

Client Reference: 558 Little Bourke

SWE Report Reference: S108450.20-FID1.v1-181019

Date of Receipt: 18 October 2019
Sample Analysis Date: 21 October 2019

SWE Laboratory: Suite 25, 103 Majors Bay Road, Concord NSW

2137

Accreditation number: 17092 Site number: 18665



The results of the tests, calibrations and/or measurements in this document are traceable to Australian/national standards. Accredited for compliance with ISO/IEC 17025.

Asbestos Identification

1. Introduction: This report presents the results of three (3) samples, forwarded by Matthew Hyde on 18

October 2019 and analysed as received for the presence of asbestos. The collection of samples for analysis is not covered under the laboratory NATA Accreditation. The sampling reference location is not verified by Safe Work and Environments (SWE).

2. Methods: Samples are examined under a Stereo Microscope and selected fibres are analysed via

Polarized Light Microscopy in conjunction with Dispersion Staining; in accordance with Australian Standard AS4964-2004 and SWE's In-House ALM-Method 3 - Fibre

Identification.

3. Results:

SWE REF.	CLIENT REFERENCE	SAMPLE DESCRIPTION	ANALYTICAL RESULT
S108450.20/A01	RTC2019-01	White fire door - vermiculite insulation core 0.63 g	No Asbestos Detected Organic Fibre Detected
S108450.20/A02	RTC2019-02	Beige fibre cement sheet 1.24 g	No Asbestos Detected Organic Fibre Detected
S108450.20/A03	RTC2019-03	Beige fibre cement sheet 3.23 g	No Asbestos Detected Organic Fibre Detected

Analysed and reported by:

Vince Nguyen Rune Knoph

Analyst Approved Issuer of Report

S108450.20 FID Report

Email: enquiries@swe.com.au

	•	CHAIN	CHAIN OF CUSTODY - CI	Client	SAFE WORK &
Client:	Jaromowo Pty	Jaromowo Pty Ltd (trading as RiskTech Compliance)	Fech Compliance)	Client Project Name / Site etc (ie report title):	ENVIRONMENIS
Sampler:	Matthew Hyde			Quote No. :	ENVIRONMENTAL & WHS CONSULTANTS
Address:	Level 5, 3 Rider Boulevard Rhodes NSW 2138	r Boulevard 138		Date results required:	Safe Work and Environments Pty Ltd 7/103 Maiors Bay Road, Concord, NSW 2137
Phone:	02 8745 2067	Mob: 0481 117 987	17 987	Note: Inform lab in advance if urgent tumaround is required - surcharges apply	
Email:	mhyde@risktech.com.au	ech.com.au		Lab Comments:	
		Sample Information	U	Tests Required	Comments
Lab Sample ID	RiskTech Sample ID	Date sampled	Type of sample	sotsedsA	Provide as much information about the sample as you can
	RTC2019-01	6/0/91	Fire Door Core	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	
	RTC2019-02	1,6/10/19	FC sheet	>	
	RTC2019-03	16/10/10	FC sheet	>	
					Co.
	3				
Relinquished by (Company):	Company):	RiskTech Compliance	nce Kraffe	Received by (Company):	Lab use only: SIOR 4-575.20
Print Name:		Matthew Hyde		N	
Date:		18/10/19 Tir	Time: 9am	Date & Time: 18/10/19	Due 22/10/19
Signature:	V	R	Λ	Signature:	

Appendix 3 Lead Paint Lab Results



Envirolab Services Pty Ltd

ABN 37 112 535 645 12 Ashley St Chatswood NSW 2067 ph 02 9910 6200 fax 02 9910 6201 customerservice@envirolab.com.au www.envirolab.com.au

CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS 228748

Client Details	
Client	Risktech Compliance Pty Ltd
Attention	Matthew Hyde
Address	Level 5, 3 Rider Blvd, Rhodes, NSW, 2138

Sample Details	
Your Reference	558 Little Bourke
Number of Samples	4 PAINT
Date samples received	18/10/2019
Date completed instructions received	18/10/2019

Analysis Details

Please refer to the following pages for results, methodology summary and quality control data.

Samples were analysed as received from the client. Results relate specifically to the samples as received.

Results are reported on a dry weight basis for solids and on an as received basis for other matrices.

Report Details				
Date results requested by	25/10/2019			
Date of Issue	24/10/2019			
NATA Accreditation Number 2901. This document shall not be reproduced except in full.				
Accredited for compliance with ISO/IE	C 17025 - Testing. Tests not covered by NATA are denoted with *			

Results Approved By

Loren Bardwell, Senior Chemist

Authorised By

Nancy Zhang, Laboratory Manager

Envirolab Reference: 228748 Revision No: R00



Lead in Paint					
Our Reference		228748-1	228748-2	228748-3	228748-4
Your Reference	UNITS	RTC2019-LP01	RTC2019-LP02	RTC2019-LP03	RTC2019-LP04
Type of sample		PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Date Sampled		16/10/2019	16/10/2019	16/10/2019	16/10/2019
Date prepared	-	21/10/2019	21/10/2019	21/10/2019	21/10/2019
Date analysed	-	22/10/2019	22/10/2019	22/10/2019	22/10/2019
Lead in paint	%w/w	0.02	0.063	0.22	<0.005

Envirolab Reference: 228748 Revision No: R00

Method ID	Methodology Summary
Metals-004	Digestion of Paint chips/scrapings/liquids for Metals determination by ICP-AES/MS and or CV/AAS.

Envirolab Reference: 228748 Page | 3 of 6

Revision No: R00

QUALIT	Y CONTRO	L: Lead ir	n Paint			Du	plicate		Spike Re	covery %
Test Description	Units	PQL	Method	Blank	#	Base	Dup.	RPD	LCS-6	[NT]
Date prepared	-			21/10/2019	1	21/10/2019	21/10/2019		21/10/2019	[NT]
Date analysed	-			22/10/2019	1	22/10/2019	22/10/2019		22/10/2019	[NT]
Lead in paint	%w/w	0.005	Metals-004	<0.005	1	0.02	0.02	0	98	[NT]

Envirolab Reference: 228748

Revision No: R00

Result Definiti	ons
NT	Not tested
NA	Test not required
INS	Insufficient sample for this test
PQL	Practical Quantitation Limit
<	Less than
>	Greater than
RPD	Relative Percent Difference
LCS	Laboratory Control Sample
NS	Not specified
NEPM	National Environmental Protection Measure
NR	Not Reported

Quality	Contro	ol Definitions
	Blank	This is the component of the analytical signal which is not derived from the sample but from reagents, glassware etc, can be determined by processing solvents and reagents in exactly the same manner as for samples.
D	uplicate	This is the complete duplicate analysis of a sample from the process batch. If possible, the sample selected should be one where the analyte concentration is easily measurable.
Matr	ix Spike	A portion of the sample is spiked with a known concentration of target analyte. The purpose of the matrix spike is to monitor the performance of the analytical method used and to determine whether matrix interferences exist.
LCS (Lat	•	This comprises either a standard reference material or a control matrix (such as a blank sand or water) fortified with analytes representative of the analyte class. It is simply a check sample.
Surroga	te Spike	Surrogates are known additions to each sample, blank, matrix spike and LCS in a batch, of compounds which are similar to the analyte of interest, however are not expected to be found in real samples.

Australian Drinking Water Guidelines recommend that Thermotolerant Coliform, Faecal Enterococci, & E.Coli levels are less than 1cfu/100mL. The recommended maximums are taken from "Australian Drinking Water Guidelines", published by NHMRC & ARMC 2011.

Envirolab Reference: 228748 Revision No: R00

Laboratory Acceptance Criteria

Duplicate sample and matrix spike recoveries may not be reported on smaller jobs, however, were analysed at a frequency to meet or exceed NEPM requirements. All samples are tested in batches of 20. The duplicate sample RPD and matrix spike recoveries for the batch were within the laboratory acceptance criteria.

Filters, swabs, wipes, tubes and badges will not have duplicate data as the whole sample is generally extracted during sample extraction.

Spikes for Physical and Aggregate Tests are not applicable.

For VOCs in water samples, three vials are required for duplicate or spike analysis.

Duplicates: >10xPQL - RPD acceptance criteria will vary depending on the analytes and the analytical techniques but is typically in the range 20%-50% – see ELN-P05 QA/QC tables for details; <10xPQL - RPD are higher as the results approach PQL and the estimated measurement uncertainty will statistically increase.

Matrix Spikes, LCS and Surrogate recoveries: Generally 70-130% for inorganics/metals; 60-140% for organics (+/-50% surrogates) and 10-140% for labile SVOCs (including labile surrogates), ultra trace organics and speciated phenols is acceptable.

In circumstances where no duplicate and/or sample spike has been reported at 1 in 10 and/or 1 in 20 samples respectively, the sample volume submitted was insufficient in order to satisfy laboratory QA/QC protocols.

When samples are received where certain analytes are outside of recommended technical holding times (THTs), the analysis has proceeded. Where analytes are on the verge of breaching THTs, every effort will be made to analyse within the THT or as soon as practicable.

Where sampling dates are not provided, Envirolab are not in a position to comment on the validity of the analysis where recommended technical holding times may have been breached.

Measurement Uncertainty estimates are available for most tests upon request.

Analysis of aqueous samples typically involves the extraction/digestion and/or analysis of the liquid phase only (i.e. NOT any settled sediment phase but inclusive of suspended particles if present), unless stipulated on the Envirolab COC and/or by correspondence. Notable exceptions include certain Physical Tests (pH/EC/BOD/COD/Apparent Colour etc.), Solids testing, total recoverable metals and PFAS where solids are included by default.

Envirolab Reference: 228748 Page | 6 of 6

Revision No: R00

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[Copyright and Confidential]	fidential]										Perth Lab. MPL Laboratories
Client:	Jaromowo Pty Ltd (trading as RiskTech Compliance)	y as RiskTec	th Compliance)		Client P	roject N	Client Project Name/Number/Site etc (ie report title):	e etc (ie repc	irt title):		10-to hayden Crt, myaree, WA o 134 ② 08 9317 2505 ⊠ lab@mpl.com.au
Contact Person:	Matthew Hyde						558 Li	558 Little Bourke			Welbourne ab - Envirolab Services
Project Mgr:					PO No.:						25 Research Drive, Croydon South, VIC 3136
Sampler:	Matthew Hyde				Envirola	sb Quote	. No. :				⊕ 03 9763 2500 ⋈ melbourne@envirolab.com.au □ 04 97 9763 2500 ⋈ melbourne@envirolab.com.au □ 05 97 97 97 97 97 97 97 97 97 97 97 97 97
Address:	5/3 Rider Boulevard				Date res	Date results required:	uired:		STD		Adelaide Office - Envirolab Services
	RHODES NSW 2138				Or choo Note: Inf surcharg	se: stai form lab i res apply	Or choose: standard / same day / 1 day / 2 day / 3 day Note: Inform lab in advance if urgent turnaround is required surcharges apply	y / 1 day / 2 d >nt turnarounc	lay / 3 day † is required	Į.	74 The Falads, NGW00U, 3A 3007 © 08 7087 Gade adelaide@envirolab.com.au <u>Brisbane Office</u> - Envirolab Services
Phone:	02 8745 2067	Mob:	0481 117 987		Addition	nal repor	t format: esdat	l equis l			2va, 1972 Depot St, Barlys, GLD 3013
Email:	mhyde@risktech.com.au	등			Lab Cor	mments:					Darwin Office - Envirolab Services Unit 7, 17 Willes Rd, Berrimah, NT 0820
	Sample	Sample Information							Tests Required	red.	Comments
Envirolab Sample ID	Client Sample ID or information	Depth	Date sampled	Type of sample	inis9 d9	sotsadsA					Provide as much information about the sample as you can
_	RTC2019-LP01		16/10/2019	Cream Colour	>	\vdash					
7	RTC2019-LPO2		16/10/2019	Red Colour	>						
~	RTC2019-LP03	•	16/10/2019	Red Colour	1						
ナ	RTC2019-LPO4	,	16/10/2019	White Colour	>			-			
								+	+	+	
·											
									+		
	Please fick the box if observed settled sediment present in water samples is to be included in the extraction and/or analysis	rved settled	sediment present	in water samples is	to be inc	:luded in	the extraction	and/or analys	sis.		
Relinquished by (Company):	(Company):	RiskTec	RiskTech Compliance	Received by (Company):	any):	 	SULINE	<u> </u> -			Lab Use Only
Print Name:	Matthew Hyde			Print Name: CLP		0	Nucend	رو	Job number: (h6822	Cooling: Ice / Jee pack / None
Date & Time:	18/10/2019: 9am			Date & Time: 8		الح	16:71	Ten	Temperature:	1	Security seal: (Intact) Broken / None
Signature:				Signature: ((U∭	2	1WE	(EN11/2	TA	TAT Req - SAME day /	-	213141(STD)

Issue date: 22 July 2019